

Section G10m

Brake actuation linkage assembly**Introduction**

The brake actuation linkage assembly is mounted just rearward of the toe-board. On right-hand drive cars the assembly is positioned just inboard of the body sill. On left-hand drive cars the assembly is fitted adjacent to the inner side of the body longeron.

The assembly houses the distribution valves, deceleration conscious pressure limiting valve and the stop lamp switch; the assembly being the same for both right and left-hand drive cars.

Always ensure that replacement distribution valves and pressure conscious deceleration valve fitted to this assembly are for use with hydraulic

system mineral oil and bear the relevant identification markings (see Sections G8m and G9m).

Under no circumstances must valves for use with conventional brake fluid systems (i.e. RR 363) be used for replacements.

Brake actuation linkage assembly - To - remove

1. Place the car on a ramp; depressurise the hydraulic systems as described in Section G2m
2. Disconnect the battery.
3. Remove the undershield from around the linkage assembly.
4. Disconnect the Lucar connections, then remove the brake stop lamp switch and mounting bracket.

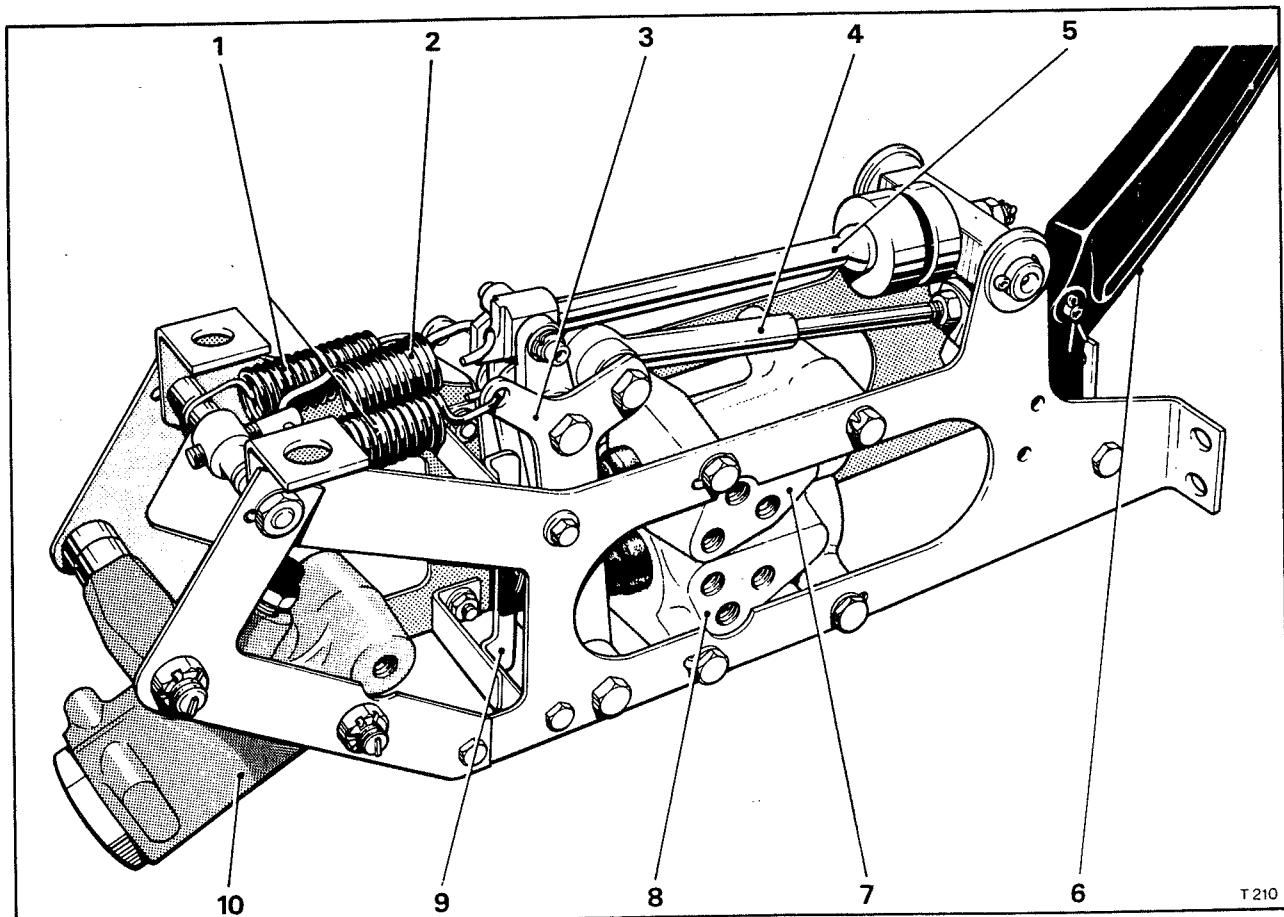


Fig. G17m Brake actuation linkage assembly

1 Return springs	6 Brake pedal lever
2 Pedal 'feel' spring	7 Upper distribution valve (No.1 system)
3 Balance lever assembly	8 Lower distribution valve (No.2 system)
4 Brake actuation rod	9 'Off' stop bracket
5 Pedal 'feel' rod	10 Deceleration conscious pressure limiting valve

G10m - 2

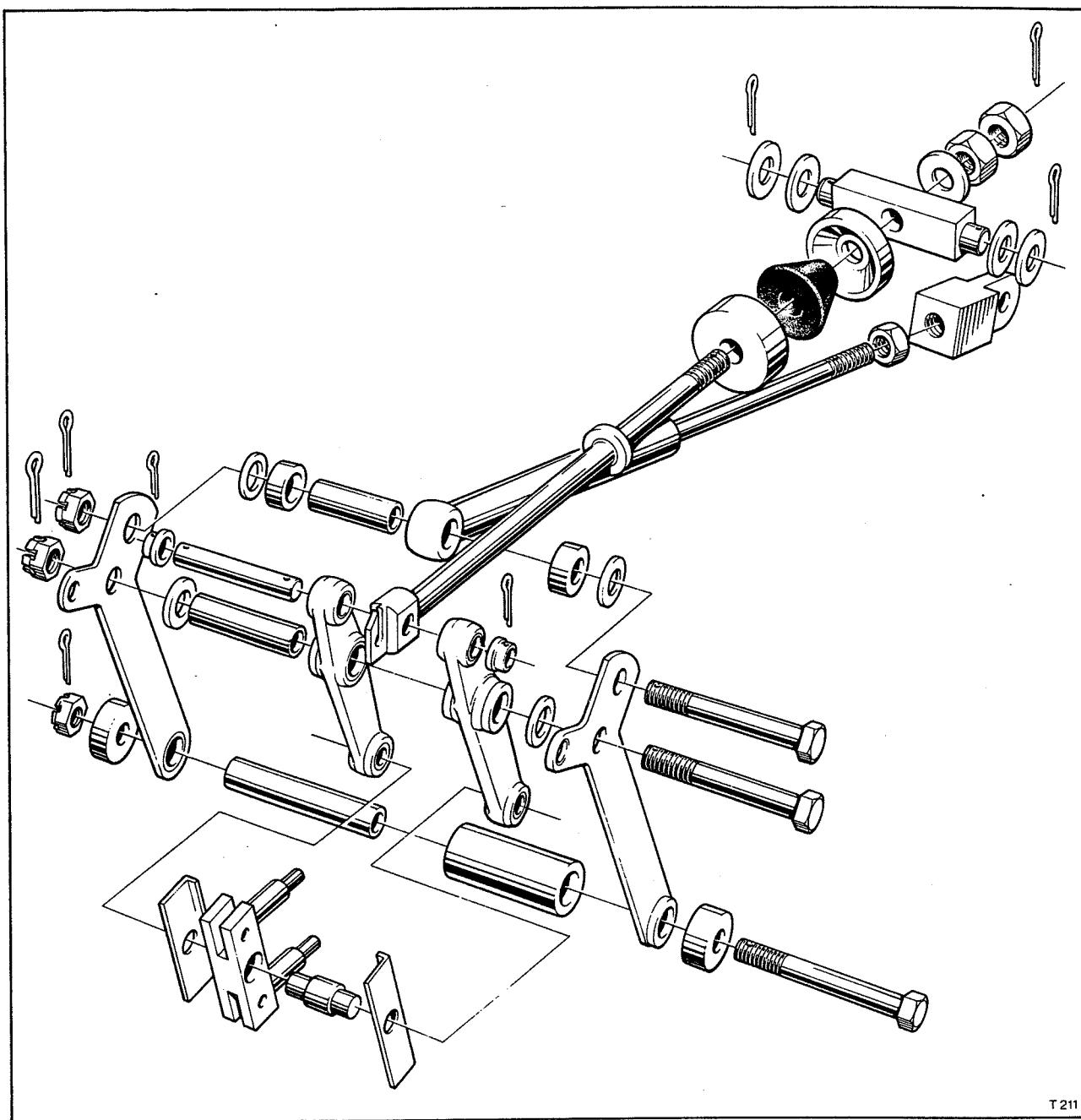


Fig. G18m Brake actuation linkage balance lever assembly

5. Remove the brake pedal pinch bolt from the upper end of the brake pedal lever and ease the pedal stem out of the lever. Collect the rubber seal.
6. Disconnect the pipes from the distribution valves and deceleration conscious pressure limiting valve. Blank off all exposed pipe ends and valve ports.
7. On right-hand drive cars disconnect the petrol pipe clip from the linkage side mounting bracket.
8. Remove the setscrews (right-hand drive cars) or bolts and nuts (left-hand drive cars) securing the linkage assembly side plates at the forward end. Support the linkage assembly and remove the two rear securing setscrews. Lower the assembly from the car.

On left-hand drive cars, the brake pedal lever must be withdrawn from the rubber sealing boot when lowering the actuation linkage from the car.

Important

Under no circumstances should the brake actuation assembly be allowed to hang from the brake pedal, supported by the actuation rod, as this may result in the rod being bent.

Brake actuation linkage - To dismantle

Prior to dismantling the linkage note should be taken of the relative positions of the distance pieces and bolt directions (see Figs. G17m and G18m).

1. Remove the brake actuation linkage from the car as described previously.
2. Remove the split pin and clevis pin from the operating rod pivot on the brake pedal lever.
3. Remove the three springs from the rear of the linkage.
4. Remove the split pin and nuts from the end of the pedal 'feel' rod.
5. Remove the 'off' stop bracket from behind the balance levers.
6. Remove the pivot bolt from the lower end of the balance levers. Ease the levers rearward and carefully withdraw the balance lever push rods from the distribution valves. Remove the distance pieces and pivot tube from the lower end of the balance levers.
7. Lift the levers clear of the side plates and withdraw the 'feel' rod from its retaining bar. Collect the conical rubber and abutment cups.
8. Remove the split pin from one side of the 'feel' rod pivot pin, withdraw the pin and collect the collar.
9. Remove the two bolts retaining the pivot arms to the balance levers. Noting their positions collect the washers, distance pieces and pivot tubes.
10. Remove the balance levers from each side of the distribution valve push rod equalising block, collect the pin retaining plates.

Note

The levers and pivot pins are clearance fits and are easily removed.

Brake linkage assembly bushes and pivot pins -

To renew

1. Remove and dismantle the brake linkage as described previously.

2. Carefully press the bushes requiring renewal out of their locations and fit new bushes. The bush bores are machined to final size, therefore no reaming or boring is necessary.
3. Any pivot pins that are worn or damaged must be renewed.

Brake actuation linkage - To assemble

Assemble the linkage by reversing the dismantling procedure noting the following points.

1. Clean all components prior to assembly. Lightly lubricate the linkage pivots, the protruding parts of the distribution valve stems and the push rod location bores with Molytone 'C' grease.
2. All bolts and nuts must be torque tightened to the figures quoted in Chapter P before split pins are fitted and tab washers secured.
3. The linkage should operate freely when located between the assembly side mounting plates. All levers must be absolutely free to move with negligible friction on their pivots. Distance tubes must be similarly free in the Oilite bushes.

Note

All bolts should be fitted in the directions shown in Figure G17m in order that certain individual items may be removed without removing the complete assembly from the car.

Brake actuation linkage - To adjust

Adjustment of the actuation linkage should be carried out in the following sequence.

- (a) Distribution valve push rod clearance.
- (b) Rubber 'feel' cone setting.
- (c) Main 'feel' spring setting.
- (d) Brake pedal height setting.

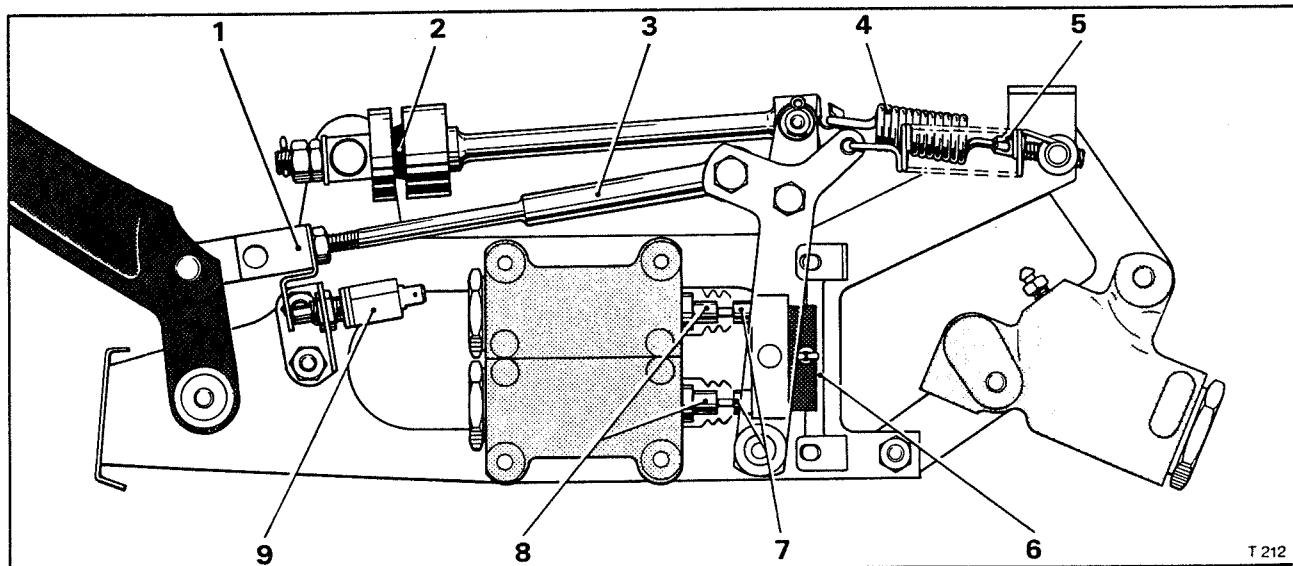


Fig. G19m Brake actuation linkage adjustment points

1	Brake pedal lever adjustment block	6	Off stop bracket
2	Rubber 'feel' cone	7	Balance lever push rods
3	Brake actuation operating rod	8	Distribution valve stems
4	Main 'feel' spring	9	Brake stop lamp switch
5	Feel spring adjustment screw		

G10m - 4

Note

Adjustments 'a', 'b' and 'c' can be carried out with the actuation linkage assembly removed from the car.

Distribution valve push rods - To set (see Fig. G19m)

1. Slacken and unscrew the brake 'feel' rod adjusting nuts until clearance is obtained between the feel rod mounting block and the rubber cone seat.
2. Remove the 'feel' and return springs.
3. Slacken the four bolts securing the 'off' stop bracket to the actuation linkage side plate.
4. Slide the 'off' stop bracket forward on the elongated holes until a clearance of up to 0,254 mm. (0.010in.) is obtained between the balance lever push rods and the distribution valve stems; with no preload being applied to the valve stems. Ensure that the setting is equal on each valve, then tighten the bracket securing bolts.

Note

It will be necessary to draw back the two rubber dust covers on the distribution valves in order to check the push rod to distribution valve stem clearance.

Rubber 'feel' cone - To set (see Fig. G19m)

1. Fit the two return springs to the linkage

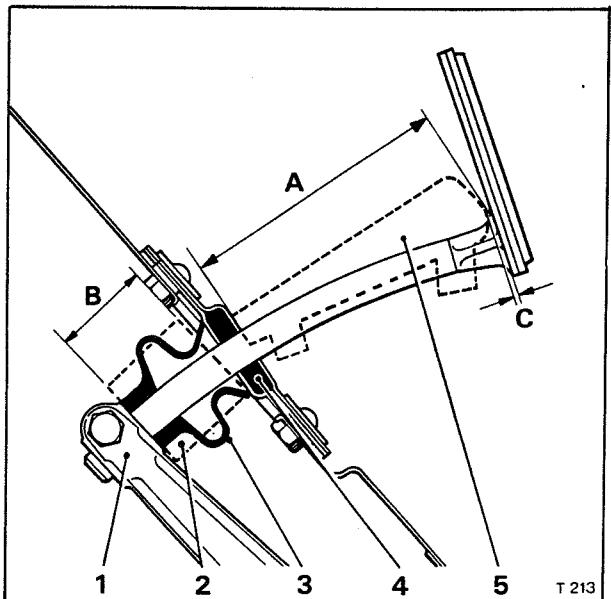


Fig. G20m Brake pedal height settings

1	Brake lever
2	Brake lever setting gauge
3	Rubber seal
4	Toe-board seal and housing
5	Pedal height checking template

A	99,06 mm. to 98,30 mm. (3.90 in. to 3.870 m.)
B	38,10 mm. to 37,97 mm. (1.50 in. to 1.495 in.)
C	0,38 mm. to 5,08 mm. (0.015 in. to 0.20 in.)

assembly. At this point the two abutment cups and the rubber 'feel' cone should be loose and free to slide on the shaft.

2. Tighten the adjusting nut until the clearance between the abutment cups and the rubber cone has been removed, without a preload being applied to the rubber cone.
3. Securely tighten the lock-nut onto the adjusting nut, then depress and release the brake pedal several times to ensure that the cone is seated correctly. Recheck the cone setting. Ensure that a security split pin is fitted to the end of the shaft.

Main 'feel' spring - To set (see Fig. G19m)

1. Ensure that the actuation assembly remains in the 'off' position.
2. Fit one end of the 'feel' spring into the adjusting screw fitted in the centre of the spring anchor rod.
3. Rotate the spring and screw half a turn at a time in the direction required until the spring can be fitted into the 'feel' rod hook, with no clearance between the spring and hook, ensure that there is no spring preload.

Note

It is necessary to stretch the spring over the hook to obtain the correct position where clearance is determined.

4. Remove the spring from the hook and rotate the spring and screw 1½ turns clockwise, when viewed from the brake pedal end of the assembly (i.e. effectively tensioning the spring). Fit the spring onto the hook.

Note

It is essential to follow both of the previous setting instructions accurately as deviations will completely alter the subjective feel and acceptability of brake control.

Clearance between the rubber 'feel' cone and its abutments will cause a spongy, long travel pedal feel at low decelerations; any preload on this rubber will cause jerky initial braking under these conditions.

Inadequate preload on the rear tension spring will produce unwanted free travel at the pedal followed by jerky initial braking; too much preload on this spring will give jerky initial braking followed by a period of 'spongy' pedal travel.

Brake pedal height setting (see Figs. G20m and G21m)

This setting can only be carried out with the actuation linkage assembly fitted to the car.

1. Locate the setting gauge into the brake pedal stem hole in the end of the pedal lever (see Fig. G20m). Raise the pedal lever until the gauge touches the underside of the toe-board seal housing.
2. Adjust the block on the lever operating rod until the hole in the block aligns with the hole in the pedal lever.

Note

Shortening the rod length reduces the gap between the pedal lever and seal plate, half a revolution of

the block being equal to approximately 3,17mm. (0.125 in.) of pedal lever movement.

3. Remove the setting gauge from the brake lever. Connect the rod to the lever by inserting the clevis pin. Fit the split pin.
4. Fit the rubber seal between the brake pedal lever and toe-board seal plate.

On left-hand drive cars slide the convoluted rubber seal over and down the brake pedal lever; fit the two retaining screws and washers. Ensure that the seal does not prevent the lever and linkage returning to the fully 'off' position.

5. Insert the brake pedal through the toe-board felt and rubber seals into the hole in the brake pedal lever.
6. Fit and tighten the pinch bolt to secure the brake pedal lever.
7. Check that the rubber seal does not prevent the actuation linkage returning to the 'off' position and that the brake pedal does not foul the seal housing at any point along its travel.
8. Fit the brake stop lamp switch and adjust the setting as described under Brake stop lamp switch - To adjust.

Brake pedal height - To check

1. Place the checking template as shown in Figure G20m between the underside of the brake pedal and the upper surface of the pedal seal housing with the two lugs of the gauge located under the pedal stem. Rest the flat base of the template on the seal housing. Ensure that both carpet and underlay are removed from the housing surface.
2. If the clearance between the top of the template and the underside of the pedal is less than 0,38 mm. (0.015 in.) or more than 5,08 mm. (0.20 in.) adjust the length of the pedal lever rod as described in Brake pedal height setting.

Brake pedal lever - To remove

1. Place the car on a ramp and remove the under-shield from around the brake actuation linkage.
2. Disconnect the battery.
3. Disconnect the Lucar connections and remove the stop lamp switch.
4. Remove the brake pedal stem pinch bolt from the top of the pedal lever and withdraw the stem out of the lever. Collect the rubber seal from the pedal stem.
5. Remove the split pin and clevis pin from the operating rod pivot on the pedal lever.
6. Remove the bolt and nut from the pedal lever pivot. Remove the lever and collect the pivot tube. On left-hand cars it is necessary to withdraw the lever from the convoluted rubber seal during final removal.

Brake pedal lever - To fit

To fit the brake pedal lever reverse the procedure given for removal noting the following points.

1. All nuts must be torque tightened to the

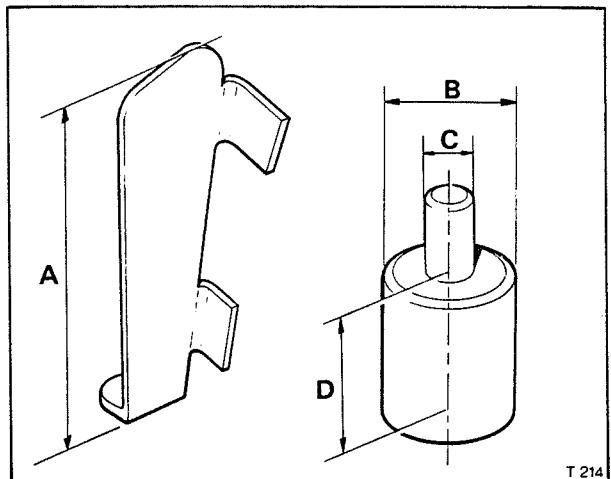


Fig. G21m Brake pedal setting gauge and checking template

A	99,06 mm. to 98,30 mm. (3.90 in. to 3.870 in.)
B	34,92 mm. to 34,29 mm. (1.375 in. to 1.350 in.)
C	12,50 mm. to 12,44 mm. (0.492 in. to 0.490 in.)
D	38,10 mm. to 37,97 mm. (1.50 in. to 1.495 in.)

figures quoted in Chapter P..

2. The pedal lever and the stop lamp switch must be checked for correct operation and adjusted if necessary as described under the appropriate headings in this section.

Brake stop lamp switch - To adjust

With all other adjustments to the brake actuation linkage and brake pedal completed, set the brake stop lamp switch as follows.

1. Slacken the nuts retaining the stop lamp switch to the switch mounting bracket.
2. Switch on the ignition.
3. Adjust the switch position until the stop lamps are illuminated during the initial movement of the footbrake pedal; between 3,2 mm. and 9,5 mm. (0.125 in. and 0.375 in.) of brake travel.
4. Tighten the retaining nuts and again check the stop lamps for operation.
5. Switch off the ignition.